A Computer Manpower Scheduling System (emss) Users Manual,

Rechard Lie glo Falls o/Chong

> Department of Industrial Engineering and Operations Research Distances of Massachusetts at Anthon



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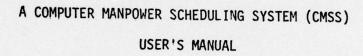
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I. \Introduction

The Computer Manpower Scheduling System (CMSS) is designed to schedule employees to different shift and days-off patterns when the demand for services and hence the minimum employee requirements, fluctuate from hour to hour and day to day.

A shift pattern (or shift) is simply a set of hours which an employee is expected to work. For example, 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. or 12 noon to 4 p.m. Full-time shifts are normally defined to be eight hours, part-time shifts are anything less than eight hours. A contiguous shift is one in which there is no break specifically scheduled (this is often the case in the food service industry). A split shift is one in which there is an hour or more between the assigned working hours for the employee, eg., 9-12 and 2-6. Typical operations requiring manpower scheduling of the type described above include service operations like telephone directory assistance, turnpike toll collection, and food service operations.

AMSS essentially consists of two computer programs written in FORTRAN IV.

- 1. SCHED develops the optimal employee schedule for a day, given that the minimum manpower requirements fluctuate from hour to hour.
- 2. MANPOW develops the optimal employee schedule for a week, given
 that the minimum manpower requirements fluctuate from hour to
 hour and day to day. Also, MANPOW insures that employees receive
 two consecutive days off each week.

The manual is divided into two sections. The first section is devoted to explaining the detailed conditions under which the employees are scheduled in SCHED along with instructions on how to use the program. A sample problem including its output is provided. Similarly, the second section is devoted to explaining how and when to use the program MANPOW.

A sample problem is again provided.

Both programs SCHED and MANPOW use an integer program code as one of their subroutines. References to the algorithms used in SCHED and MANPOW can be found in [1] and [2].

II. Program SCHED

SCHED develops an optimal employee schedule for a day consistent with the following conditions:

- 1. The objective is to minimize the cost of employees.
- 2. The hour-by-hour manpower requirements for the day must be met.
- The user shall specify the shift patterns and the cost of an employee working in the shifts.
- Only one break is allowed for split shifts. The break can be as long as the user desires.
- The number of working hours in the working day can be up to 24 hours.
- As many as forty shift patterns (both contiguous and split)can be specified.

SCHED INPUT DATA FILE

To use SCHED, the user shall create an input data file called TAPE1 which consists of the following:

- The first line of data consists of one integer, M, indicating the number of working hours in the day concerned.
- The second line must contain in order and separated by commas, the M values of the minimum manpower requirements for each hour.
- The third line consists of one integer NC, indicating the number of contiguous shift patterns.
- The next NC lines contain in order, the beginning hour, ending hour (inclusive) of the contiguous shift, and the cost of an

employee working in the shift. (Use the cost for the entire shift--ie., hourly rate times number of hours)
All numbers are separated by commas.

- The next line consists of one integer, NS, indicating the number of split shift patterns.
- 6. The next NS lines contain in order, the beginning and ending hour (inclusive) of the first half of the split shift, followed by the beginning and ending hour of the second half of the shift, and cost of an employee working in that shift. All numbers are separated by commas.

EXHIBIT 1

DATA FOR SCHED SAMPLE PROBLEM

Number of working hours = 10

Minimum manpower requirements for each of the 10 hours = (8,8,8,11,7,12,7,6,4,4)

Number of contiguous shift patterns = 7

Shift 1 starts at hour 1 goes through hour 8. Cost = 8

Shift 2 starts at hour 2 goes through hour 6. Cost = 5

Shift 3 starts at hour 4 goes through hour 10. Cost = 7

Shift 4 starts at hour 6 goes through hour 9. Cost = 4

Shift 5 starts at hour 1 goes through hour 3. Cost = 3

Shift 6 starts at hour 2 goes through hour 7. Cost = 6

Shift 7 starts at hour 3 goes through hour 8. Cost = 6.

Number of split shifts = 7

Split shift 8 from hours 1-4 and 6-9. Cost = 8

Split shift 9 from hours 2-4 and 6-8. Cost = 6

Split shift 10 from hours 1-3 and 5-7. Cost = 6

Split shift 11 from hours 1-2 and 5-8. Cost = 6

Split shift 12 from hours 1-4 and 6-6. Cost = 5

Split shift 13 from hours 2-4 and 7-10. Cost = 7

Split shift 14 from hours 5-6 and 9-10. Cost = 4

PROGRAM SCHED

LISTING OF DATA FILE

FOR EXAMPLE PROBLEM 1.

8,8,8,11,7,12,7,6,4,4
7
1,8,8
2,6,5
4,10,7
6,9,4
1,3,3
2,7,6
3,8,6
7
1,4,6,9,8
2,4,6,8,6
1,3,5,7,6
1,2,5,8,6
1,4,6,6,5
2,4,7,10,7
5,6,9,10,4

...

EXHIBIT 3

PROGRAM SCHED

LISTING OF OUTPUT FROM EXAMPLE

PROBLEM 1

															•				
								•		WORKERS	MORKERS	WORKERS	WORKERS	WORKERS	WORKERS	WORKERS			
										HO.	OF	OF	OF	OF	OF	OF			
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	N	0	4	0	0	0	0						HOUR	HOUR	HOUR	HOUR			
										10	1	T	10	10	10	10			
	WORKERS	MORKERS	MORKERS	WORKERS	MORKERS	MORKERS	MORKERS			9	9	מו	iO.	9	^	٥			
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SHIFTS	TO HOUR		SHIFTS	TO HOUR		SUMMARY													
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CONTINUOUS									SPLIT										
	모	HOUR		HOUR	HOUR	HOUR	HOUR			HOLIE	-		-		HOUR	HOUR			
	FROM			FRUM	FROM	FROM	FROM	FROM	FROM	FROM									

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0.00

7.0 12.0 7.0 7.0 12.0 7.0 0. 0. 0.

8.0.11.0 8.0 11.0 0.0

0.00

0.00

MEN ON DUTY MEN REQUIRED EXCESS MEN

HOURS

III. Program MANPOW

MANPOW develops an optimal employee schedule for a week cycle consistent with the following conditions:

- 1. The objective is to minimize the cost of employees.
- The scheduled hour-by-hour manpower requirements for each day of the week cycle must be met.
- Each employee works five consecutive days and is given two consecutive days off per week.
- 4. Each hour has at least one full time employee on duty.
- An employee can work one shift on one day and another shift on another day.
- 6. The number of hours in each working day is greater than eight hours but no longer than sixteen hours; the latter condition is specified so that every employee is given at least eight hours break before working again.
- 7. A full time shift is a shift of eight hours work, either contiguous or split. A split shift must not allow more than a maximum of four hours break.
- 8. A part time shift is a shift of four hours work, either contiguous or split. A split shift must not allow more than a maximum of four hours break.
- A full time employee is one who works only in full time shifts.
 Similarly, a part time employee is one who works only in part time shifts.
- 10. Except for the last seven hours of any working day, there exists one full time contiguous shift beginning at every hour. Similarly, except for the last three hours of any working day, there exists one part time contiguous shift beginning at every hour. These

contiguous shifts are built into the model. However, the user can eliminate those built-in shifts which are undesirable. The user shall specify any desirable full time or part time split shifts. However, one must be careful that there is enough flexibility in shift patterns or else no assignment of manpower would be able to meet the demand. In the unlikely event that the algorithm has to schedule an undesirable shift to make an efficient schedule the computer program will print out an appropriate message.

11. The cost of an employee depends whether s/he is a full time or a part time employee and does not depend on the shifts s/he is assigned to on each day. The cost of each full time employee is the same and the cost of each part time employee is also the same. The cost of one full time employee is assumed to be slightly less than the cost of two part time employees.
Or alternatively, the employer would prefer one full time employee to two part time employees.

WORK SHIFT FORM

To assist the user to code up the data, the following form (Exhibit 4) can be used. This form is designed to help the planner visualize the shifts which are available for the scheduling algorithm. A number of standard full time and part time shifts are included on the data sheet and are <u>automatically</u> included in the scheduling program. However, the user can delete any or all of them as described below. Also, the user can add shifts using the blank columns in the data sheet. One must be careful to insure that the final set of shifts covers all the hours when manpower is needed.

The number of hours is sixteen, but if a user is planning for a shorter day he need only specify zero requirements for the extra hours or design a similar sheet with fewer number of hours. No change need to be made to the computer program because the number of working hours per day is input data and so the program automatically takes day-length into consideration.

MANPOW INPUT DATA FILE

The user can rely on the worksheet of Exhibit 4 to prepare input data for the program. To do this he must create an input data file called TAPE1, which consists of the following: (again, all numbers are separated by commas)

- The first line consists of one integer NH, indicating the number of working hours in day 1.
- 2. The second line consists of two integers, NSFT and NSPT, indicating the number of user specified (ie., non-standard) full-time split shifts and the number of user specified part-time shifts.
- 3. The next NSFT lines consist of four integers indicating the beginning and ending hours of the first and second halves of the full time split shifts, in order, from the first to NSFT shift.
- 4. The next NSPT lines consist of four integers, indicating the beginning and ending hours of the first and second halves of the part time split shifts, in order, from the first shift to the NSPT shift.
- 5. The next line contains an integer, NUD. If NUD is 0, indicates that none of the built-in continuous shifts are undesirable. Otherwise, NUD is the number of undesirable built-in shifts.
- 6. If NUD is 0, this line is omitted. Otherwise, the next NUD lines contain in order, the shift numbers (integer) which are

-10--

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work day		25 2c Require-												•						
KSHEET pattern shift pattern r requirement beginning from start of work day	ERNS ⁺	Part time	0 0 0 0	1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0	1 1 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 1 1 1 1 0 0 0	1 0 0 0	0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		
Day #(s)* On table below fill in the following: a. Mark X for undesirable shift patter b. Add on any 8 or 4 hour split shift c. Specify hour by hour manpower requ	SHIFT PATTERNS [‡]	time 2b	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	1 0 0 0	1 1 0 0	1 1 1 0	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1	0 1 1 1	0 0 1 1	0 0 0 1		-
1. Day #(Hour Full	0 0	2 1 1 0 0 0	3 1 1 1 0 0 0	4 1 1 1 0	5 1 1 1 1 1 0	6 1 1 1 1 1	7 1 1 1 1 1	8 1 1 1 1 1	9 0 1 1 1 1 1	10 0 0 1 1 1	. 11 0 0 0 1 1;	12 0 0 0 0 1	13 0 0 0 0 0	14 0 0 0 0 0 0	15 0 0 0 0 0 0	16 0 0 0 0 0 0	a Undesiratle	nift Humber

*Use 1 for Non., 2 for Tues., 3 for Wed., and so on; if Mon. and Tues. have identical requirements write 1,2.

⁺1 in shift pattern designates employee on duty O in shift pattern designates employee off duty

undesirable. Note that all shifts are numbered sequentially on the Work-Shift Form (Exhibit 4). Thus, the identification number of the standard part-time shifts will depend on how many non-standard split shifts have been specified by the user.

- 7. The next line contains NH real numbers, indicating the minimum manpower requirements for each hour of the day.
- 8. The data for the next 6 days will be entered in the same way from step 1 to 7.

SAMPLE PROBLEM

A sample problem is provided below in Exhibits 5 through 8.

EXHIBIT 5

SAMPLE PROBLEM FOR MANPOW

EXAMPLE PROBLEM 2

Suppose the following data are for day 1, Monday.

- Number of working hours in the day: 10.
- The user wishes to specify two full time
 split shifts hours 1 through 3, 6 through 10
 hours 1 through 4, 7 through 10
- The user wishes to specify four part time
 split shifts hours 1 through 2, 7 through 8
 hours 3 through 4, 6 through 7
 hours 4 through 6, 8 through 8
 hours 3 through 5, 9 through 9
- The user does not wish to include the standard shifts:
 hours 2 through 9
 hours 4 through 7
- The manpower requirements for hours 1 through 10 are 3,4,4,6,5

4,6,5,3,2 respectively.

• The data forms would be as in Exhibit 6. In preparing the sample data file we have also assumed that the shift pattern for days 2-5 are the same as Monday in the example, Saturday and Sunday slightly differ. The user, of course, could specify different patterns for each day.

EXHIBIT 6 WORKSHEET FOR EXAMPLE PROBLEM 2

ပ် ထဲအ Day #(s)*: Mon-Fri 1-5
 On the table below fill in the following:

Mark X for undesirable shift pattern Add on an 8 or 4 hour split shift pattern Specify hour by hour manpower requirement beginning from start of working day

SHIFT PATTERNC+

				E C	SHIFT PALLEKINS	AI IEI	SNS										•
Hour	Ful	Full Time	ē	2b			Pa	Part Time	ime				2p			12	2c Requirements
1	-	0	0	1	1	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0 0) 3	
2	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0 4	•
3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	1 . 4	
4	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	9	
5	1.	1.	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1 1	1 5	
9	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1 0	9 4	
7	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1.	1	0 0	9 (
8	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1 0) 5	
6	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0 1	3	
10	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0 0	12	
Undesirable Shift Patterns		X				P4 444			×						-	=	
hift Numbers	1	2	3	4	5	9	1	ω	6	10	11	12	12 13 14 15 16	14	15 1	9	

"Use 1 for Mon., 2 for Tues., 3 for Wed., and so on; if Mon. and Tues. have identical requirements, write 1, 2.

⁺1 in shift pattern designates employee on duty.

O in shift pattern designates employee off duty

EXHIBIT 6 WORKSHEET FOR EXAMPLE PROBLEM 2 (CONT.)

Day #(s)*: Sat-Sun 6,7

. . . On the table below fill in the following:

Mark X for undesirable shift pattern Add on an 8 or 4 hour split shift pattern Specify hour by hour manpower requirement beginning from start of working day

							S	SHIFT PA	PATTERNS ⁺	NS+												
Hour		Fu	Full Time	ime		92					_	art	Part Time					2b				2c Requ
1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1		-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1 ·
. 2	1	1	0	0	0	-	1		1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	i	0	0	0	2
3	1	-	1	0	0	1	1		1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	2
4	1	1.	1	1	0	0	1		1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0.	0	0	1	1	1	3
. 2	1	1	1	1	1	0	0		0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1
9	1	1	1	1	1	1	0		0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	2
7	1	1	1	1	1	-	1		0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	2
. 8	1	1	1	1	1	-	1		0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	1
6	0	1	1	1	1	1	1		0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	-	0	0	0	1	3
10	0	0	1	1	1	-	1		0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	2
11	0	0	0	1	1	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0.	0	0	2
12	0	0	0	0	1	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
2a Undesirable shift patterns		×								×												
Shift number	1	2	3	4	2	9	7		8	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	
					1	1	1				-						-					

Use 1 for Monday, 2 for Tues., 3 for Wed., and so on; if Mon. and Tues. have identical requirements write 1,2.

^{*1} in shift pattern designates employee on duty O in shift pattern designates employee off duty

PROGRAM MANPOW
LISTING OF

DATA FILE FOR EXAMPLE
PROBLEM 2

10 2,4 1,3,6,10 1,4,7,10 1,2,7,8 3,4,6,7 4,6,8,8 3,5,9,9 2 2 3,4,4,6,5,4,4,5,3,2 10 2,4 1,3,6,10 1,4,7,10 1,2,7,8 3,4,6,7 4,6,8,8 3,5,9,9 2 3,4,4,6,5,4,4,5,3,2 10 2,4 1,3,6,10 1,4,7,10 1,2,7,8 . 3,4,6,7 4,6,8,8 3,5,9,9 2 2 9

EXHIBIT 7 CONT.

```
3,4,4,6,5,4,4,5,3,2
 10 2,4
 1,3,6,10
 1,4,7,10
 1,2,7,8
 3,4,6,7
 4,6,8,8
 3,5,9,9
 2
 9
 3,4,4,6,5,4,4,5,3,2
 10
 2,4
1,3,6,10
 1,4,7,10
 1,2,7,8
 3,4,6,7
 4,6,8,8
 3,5,9,9
 2
 2
 3,4,4,6,5,4,4,5,3,2
 12
 2,4
1,3,6,10
 1,4,7,10
 1,2,7,8
 3,4,6,7
 4,6,8,8
 3,5,9,9
 2
 1,2,2,3,1,2,2,1,3,2,2,1
 12
 2,4
 1,3,6,10
 1,4,7,10
 1,2,7,8
 3,4,6,7
 4,6,8,8
 3,5,9,9
 2
 1,2,2,3,1,2,2,1,3,2,2,1
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	EXHIBIT 8 PROGRAM MANPON LISTING OF OUTPUT FROM EXAMPLE PROBLEM 2 1 1	ROGRAM MAN	POW LI	STING	OF OUT	PUT E	OM EXA	YPLE PI	ROBLEM	~	
HOURS		-		m	4	ın	•	^	8	0-	10
FULL TIME MAN NUMBE	FULL TIME EMPLOYEES MAN NUMBER 1		1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0 0.		•
MAN NUMBE	R . 2	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0		1.0		1.0	•	0
MAN NUMBE	m m		1.0	1.0	1.0		1.0		1.0	•	0
MAN NUMBE	4		•	1.0	1.0		1.0		1.0	1.0	7:0
MAN NUMBE	10 10		1.0	1.0	1.0		•		1.0	1.0	1.0
PART TIME	EMPLOYEES										
MAN NUMBE	R	ò	0	0	•	•	•	•	•	•	ò
MAN NUMBE	R 2	•	•	1.0	1.0		•	•	•	1.0	0
MAN NUMBE	2	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0		•	•	•	•	0
MAN NIMBE	4	0	0	ò	0		0	0	ò	ć	0

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MEN ON DUTY MEN REQUIRED EXCESS MEN

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0	1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 0.	1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 0.	1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 0.	0. 0. 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0		0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0	0. 0. 1.0	1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.	0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 1.0 1.0 1.0	4.0 6.0 6.0 5.0 4.0 5.0 5.0 3.0	3.0 4.0 4.0 6.0 5.0 4.0 4.0 5.0 3.0 2.0	
HOURS	FULL TIME EMPLOYEES MAN NUMBER 1	MAN NUMBER 2	MAN NUMBER 3	MAN NUMBER 4	MAN NUMBER 5	PART TIME EMPLOYEES	MAN NUMBER 1	MAN NUMBER 2	MAN NUMBER 3	MAN NUMBER 4	MEN ON DUTY	MEN REGUIRED	

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EXHIBIT 8 CONT. DAY NUMBER

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HOURS	-	N	m	4	ស	9	_	80	٥	10	
FULL TIME EMPLOYEES											
MAN NUMBER 1	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	
MAN NUMBER 2	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	•	•	
MAN NUMBER 3	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0		•	
MAN NUMBER 4	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0		•	
MAN NUMBER 5	•	•	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	
PART TIME EMPLOYEES											
MAN NUMBER 1	•	0	1.0	1.0	1.0	•	•	0	1.0	•	
MAN NUMBER 2	•	0	•		•	•		•	•	•	
MAN NUMBER 3	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	•	•	•	•		•	
MAN NUMBER 4	0	•	•	•	•	•	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	
MEN ON INTY	4.0	4.0	6.0	6.0	5.0	4.0	5.0	5.0	3.0	2.0	
MEN REGUIRED	3.0	4.0	4.0	0.9	5.0	4.0	4.0	5.0	3.0	2.0	
EXCESS MEN ,	1.0	•	2.0	•	•	0	1.0		•	•	

DAY NUMBER

	V	0	•		•				
				,	,		,		2
1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	•	
•			0	•	•		•	•	•
1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	•	
1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	•	•
•	•	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1:0	1.0
•		1.0	1.0	1.0		0	•	1.0	•
•		0	•	•	ò	0	•	0	0
1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	•	•	•	•	•	ċ
•	.0	•	•	•	•	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
4.0	4.0	6.0	0.9	5.0	4.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	0.0
3.0	4.0	4.0	0.9	2.0	4.0	4.0	0.0	3.0	2.0
1.0	.0	5.0				1.0	•		•
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EXHIBIT 8 CONT.

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FULL TIME EMPLOYEES										
NUMBER	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	•	ċ
MAN NUMBER ' 2	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
MAN NUMBER 3	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	•	
MAN NUMBER 4	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	•	0
NUMBER	•	0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
TIME EMPLO										
VUMBER	•	0	1.0	1.0	1.0	•	•	•	1.0	•
MAN NUMBER 2	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	0	•	•	•	0	•
NUMBER	•	0	•	0	•	0	•	0	0	ô
MAN NUMBER 4	•	•	•	•	•	•	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
MEN ON DUTY	4.0	4.0	6.0	6.0		4.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	2.0
MEN REQUIRED	3.0	4.0	4.0	6.0		4.0	4.0	2.0	3.0	2.0
EXCESS MEN	1.0	•	2.0	•	•	0	1.0	0	•	0.

DAY NUMBER 6

8 9 10 11 12	1.0 0. '0. 0.	1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0	0. 0. 0. 0.	0. 0. 0.	0. 0. 0. 0.		0.00	1.0 1.0 1.0	0.0	1.0 0. 0.	2.0 3.0 2.0 2.0 2.0
6 7		*	.0						0 .0		20.0
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HOURS FULL TIME	MAN NUMBER	HAN NUMBER	MAN NUMBER	MAN NUMBER	MAN NUMBER	PART TIME	MAN NUMBER	MAN NUMBER	MAN NUMBER	MAN NUMBER	MEN ON DUTY

EXHIBIT 8 CONT. DAY NUMBER 7

HOURS	-	N	m	4	ທ	9	1	0	٥	10	11	12	
FULL TIME EMPLOYEES													
MAN NUMBER 1.	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	•	•	•	•	
MAN NUMBER. 2	•	•	•	•	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	
MAN NUMBER 3	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•			•	•	
MAN NUMBER 4	•	.0	•	•	•	•	•	•	0	•	•	•	
MAN NUMBER 5	•	0	•		•	•	•	.0	0	•	•	•	
PART TIME EMPLOYEES													
MAN NUMBER 1	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	•	•		•	.0	•	•	•	
MAN NUMBER 2	•	•	0	.0	•	•			1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	
MAN NUMBER 3	•	•	1.0	1.0	1.0	•	•	•	1.0	0	•	•	
MAN NUMBER 4	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
								1					
MEN ON DUTY	2.0	2.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	5.0	2.0	5.0	3.0	2.0	5.0	2.0	
MEN REQUIRED	1.0	2.0	2.0	3.0	1.0	2.0	2.0	1.0	0.0	2.0	2.0	1.0	
EXCESS MEN	1.0	•	1.0	•	5.0	•	•	1.0	•	.0	•	1.0	
	1											٠	
TOTAL MAN HOURS WORKED		280											
TOTAL MAN HOURS REQUIRED		244											
TOTAL EXCESS MAN HOURS		36											

SUMMARY

EXHIBIT 8 CONT.

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EXHIBIT 8 CONT.

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PART	WORKER DAY ? DAY ? DAY ?	MORKER DAY 7 DAY 7 DAY 7 DAY 7	MORKER DAY DAY DAY BAY DAY DAY	· DAY

REFERENCES

- [1] Chong, S.C., and Giglio, R.J., "Manpower Scheduling Models in Service Operations," Paper presented at ORSA/TIMS Joint National Meeting at Miami Beach, November 1976.
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